Given a **positive** integer n, return *the smallest positive integer that is a multiple of* ***both*** 2 *and* n.

**Example 1:**

Input: n = 5  
Output: 10  
Explanation: The smallest multiple of both 5 and 2 is 10.

**Example 2:**

Input: n = 6  
Output: 6  
Explanation: The smallest multiple of both 6 and 2 is 6. Note that a number is a multiple of itself.

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= n <= 150